



**General Certificate Secondary of Education  
Practice Paper 1**

**Methods in Mathematics (Pilot) 9365**

**Unit 2 Higher Tier 93652**

***Mark Scheme***

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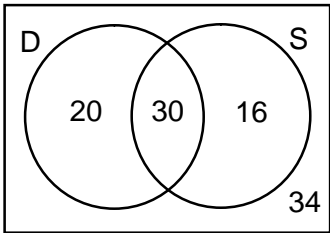
## Glossary for Mark Schemes

GCSE examinations are marked in such a way as to award positive achievement wherever possible. Thus, for GCSE Mathematics papers, marks are awarded under various categories.

- M** Method marks are awarded for a correct method which could lead to a correct answer.
- A** Accuracy marks are awarded when following on from a correct method. It is not necessary to always see the method. This can be implied.
- B** Marks awarded independent of method.
- Q** Marks awarded for quality of written communication. (QWC)
- M dep** A method mark dependent on a previous method mark being awarded.
- B dep** A mark that can only be awarded if a previous independent mark has been awarded.
- ft** Follow through marks. Marks awarded following a mistake in an earlier step.
- SC** Special case. Marks awarded within the scheme for a common misinterpretation which has some mathematical worth.
- oe** Or equivalent. Accept answers that are equivalent.  
eg, accept 0.5 as well as  $\frac{1}{2}$

## M2 Higher Tier

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
<b>1(a)</b>	$5y - 2y = 8 + 4$	M1	Allow one sign or rearrangement error
	$3y = 12$	M1	
	4	A1 ft	ft On one error only
<b>1(b)</b>	$5x - 7 = 3x + 15$	M1	
	$2x = 22$	M1 Dep	Allow one sign or rearrangement error
	11	A1	
<b>2</b>	$\pi \times 12$ or $2 \times \pi \times 6$	M1	
	37.68 to 37.704	A1	$12\pi$
<b>*3</b>	$32 \div 8$	M1	oe
	Side of rectangle = 12 or 4	A1	
	$12 \times 12$	M1	
	144	Q1	Strand (iii) - Finds sides from 32, multiples largest sides together
<b>4</b>	$(94 - \text{any multiple of } 4) \div 5.25$	M1	$(94 - \text{any multiple of } 5.25) \div 4$
	$(94 - \text{any other multiple of } 4) \div 5.25$	M1Dep	$(94 - \text{any other multiple of } 5.25) \div 4$
	8 adults 13 children	A1	
<b>4 Alt 1</b>	$5.25 \times \text{any value} + 4 \times \text{any value}$	M1	
	$5.25 \times \text{any refined value} + 4 \times \text{any refined value}$	M1 Dep	One of second values must be closer to answer
	8 adults 13 children	A1	
<b>4 Alt 2</b>	Realising that adults is a multiple of 4 (4, 8 or 12)	M1 Dep	$n = 1, 2$ or 3
	$(94 - 4n \times 5.25) \div 4$	A1	
	8 adults 13 children	A1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
5(a)	$5x + 15 - 2x + 2$	M1	Allow one sign or arithmetic error
	$3x + 17$	A1	
5(b)	$x^2 + 3x - x - 3$	M1	Allow one sign or arithmetic error
	$x^2 + 2x - 3$	A1	
*6	$x + x + 10 + x + 20 (= 180)$	M1	Marking angles on diagram such that all three are on straight line or in triangle
	Their $3x + 30 = 180$	M1 Dep	oe
	50	A1	
	All steps above carried out with both Ms awarded	Q1	Strand (ii) ft Their equation for final answer
7		B3	
	16	B1	ft Their Venn diagram
7 Alt	$100 - 34 (= 66)$	B1	
	$46 + 50 = 96$	B1	
	$96 - 66 = 30$	B1	
	16	A1	
8(a)	$\pi \times 12 \times 5^2$	M1	
	942 to 942.6	A1	
	$\text{cm}^3$	B1	
8(b)	$30 \times 40 \times 24$	M1	$15 \times 20 \times 24$
	Area any face 960 or 720 or 1200	M1	
	All areas correct	A1	
	5760	A1	SC3 2880

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
<b>9(a)</b>	$7^2 + 10^2$	M1	
	$\sqrt{149}$	M1 Dep	
	12.2...	A1	
<b>9(b)</b>	Sight of sine	M1	
	$(x = ) \sin^{-1} (10 \div 22)$	M1 Dep	
	27	A1	
<b>10(a)</b>	6.03023....	B1	
<b>10(b)</b>	6, 6.0 or 6.03	B1 ft	ft Their answer in (a)
<b>11</b>	$x \div (10 - x) = 5 \div 7$	M1	
	$7x = 50 - 5x$	M1	
	$\frac{50}{12} = 4\frac{1}{6} = 4.17$	A1	
<b>11 Alt</b>	$x \div 10 = 5 \div 12$	M1	oe
	$x = 50 \div 12$	M1	
	$\frac{50}{12} = 4\frac{1}{6} = 4.17$	A1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
<b>12</b>	Area on right = $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times (3 + 2)$	M1	
	= 12.5	A1	
	$5 \times x = 37.5$	M1	
	$y - \text{their } x - 2$ or their $x - 3$	M1	oe
	$(-4\frac{1}{2}, 2) (-5\frac{1}{2}, -3)$	A1	
<b>12 Alt</b>	Area on right = $\frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times (3 + 2)$	M1	
	= 12.5	A1	
	$25 = \frac{1}{2} \times 5 \times (x + x + 1)$	M1	oe
	$2x + 1 = 10$	M1	
	$(-4\frac{1}{2}, 2) (-5\frac{1}{2}, -3)$	A1	
<b>13(a)</b>	$2 \times 3 \times 5$	M1	
	30	A1	
<b>13(b)</b>	$2^2 \times 3^3 \times 5 \times 7$	M1	
	3780	A1	
<b>14(a)</b>	-1, 0, 3	B2	B1 For 2 correct
<b>14(b)</b>	Second difference 1	M1	
	$\frac{1}{2} - 5, 2 - 6, 4\frac{1}{2} - 8, \dots$	M1	$\pm 4.5, \pm 4, \pm 3.5, \pm 3, \pm 2.5$
	$\frac{1}{2}n - 5$	A1	$-\frac{1}{2}n + 5$
	$\frac{1}{2}n^2 - \frac{1}{2}n + 5$	A1	

Q	Answer	Mark	Comments
*15(a)	$ECB = 180 - BCD$ and $BCD = 180 - BAD$	B1	
	Opposite angles in a cyclic quad	Q1	Strand (i) - Must state this.
15(b)	$XPQ = XYS$	B1	
	$XRS = 180 - XYS$	B1	
	$QPX = 180 - XRS$	B1	
	So $PQ \parallel RS$ as interior angles	B1	
16(a)	$\frac{-(4) \pm \sqrt{(4)^2 - 4(3)(-9)}}{2(3)}$	M1	
	$\frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{124}}{6}$	A1	
	1.19 and -2.52	A1	
16(b)	$5x^2 - 3x - 1 (= 0)$	B2	B1 If one error B0 If two errors
17	Height of cone = 12	B1	
	Radius of top cone = 2	B1	
	$\frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 6^2 \times 12 - \frac{1}{3} \times \pi \times 2^2 \times 4$	M1	
	435.4 to 435.7	A1	
18	$AC^2 = 12^2 + 5^2$	M1	
	Their $169 = 9^2 + 10^2 - 2 \times 9 \times 10 \times \cos D$	M1	
	Angle $D = \cos^{-1}$ $\frac{81 + 100 - \text{their } 169}{2 \times 9 \times 10} = 86.2$	M1	
	$0.5 \times 9 \times 10 \times \sin \text{ their } 86.2 + 0.5 \times 5 \times 12$	M1	
	74.9	A1	75 with working